# **Installation Manual**

**USA** 

# **Hickory Rotisseries**

Models: N/5.5 G



Machine Type	N / 5. 5 G
Total Power Rating	20,000 Btu
Burner / Spits	1 Burners with 5 Spits
Gas Category	Natural Gas, LPG
Fittings	1 Infra-Red Gas Generators
Ignition	1 Electronic Ignitor
Delivery Date:	Final Inspection:

# Hickory Industries, Inc.

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# 1.0 Installation Instructions

- a. When installing these units, it is important to comply with the most recently established rules and regulations as deemed pertinent by the local and national electrical, gas, ventilation, sanitation, and fire codes. These units are classified by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. as Gas-Fired Food Service Equipment in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI Z83.11b-1991, Gas Food Service Equipment Ranges and Unit Boilers.
- b. Gas units must not be directly connected to a gas flue or exhaust. However, both electric and gas units may require operation in conjuction with a canopy type exhaust hood if deemed necessary by local authorities.
- c. The units must be installed in such a way that proper ventilation and heat exchange is assured. The room must be ventilated in accordance to the valid codes and regulations.
- d. The units are to be installed securely and horizontally. The units may be installed on combustible floors. The units must be installed with adjustable legs if placed on a combustible surface.
- e. The minimum clearance to the rear or side walls must be 13 inches. It is also important to insure that the bottom of the units is kept clear so that proper ventilation or air exchange can occur.
- f. Normally, the units will be sent to the operator already set up for the particular type of gas or electrical service available at their location. However, unless otherwise specified, the gas units will be set up for natural gas use (including an electrical cord for 120 V, 1 Phase, 60 Hz operation) and the electric units for 208 V, 3 Phase, 60 Hz electrical use. Before installing and using the units for the first time, it is important to make sure that the gas type and/or electrical power indicated on the data plate matches the type of gas and electrical power available in the location. Should this not be the case, it is imperative to change or convert the units to the needed types.
- g. The gas units must be fitted with the manual shut-off gas cock (valve) and pressure regulator supplied with the machine. This manual valve is needed to shut off the gas to the machine during maintenance work, repairs, and if the unit needs to be disconnected for any reason. The pressure regulator is needed to adjust the gas pressure entering the unit to ensure the proper operation of the unit.

  Electric units must be hard-wired or fitted with a power cord by a licensed electrician.
- i. Depending on local codes or if deemed necessary, a gas filter may also be required for gas units.

#### 1.1 General Information

The Operating Instructions are to be given to the operator of the rotisserie. All unit operators are to be familiar with the functions of the rotisserie.

The Operating Instructions should be kept in a location close to the rotisserie. It should be easily recognizeable and easily accessible.

The gas rotisseries can be used with both natural and LPG gases. The rotisseries can be converted or adjusted to any type of the locally distributed natural and LPG gases.

Electric units can be ordered to meet most electrical specifications.

It is recommended that a repair and maintenance contract be signed with the manufacturer's agent, distributor, or service agency.

# 1.2 Description of the Data Plate

Hickory Industries, Inc.  Commercial Cooking Appliances  North Bergen, NJ 07047				
Model: 5.5	G Serial No.			
Motor: 110	) - 115 VAC, 5	60/60 HZ, 3 RPM		
Phase:	1 Gas:	NAT		
Manifold Pre	ssure: 5" Natur	al or 10-11" Propane		
BTU/H	20,000	Burners: 1		
LISTED	Minimum Installa	ation Clearance		
(ŮL)	Sides: 13"	Back: 13"		
69D6	Maximum Lamp	Wattage: 40 Watts		

Hickory Industries, Inc. Commercial Cooking Appliances North Bergen, NJ 07047					
Model: 5.5	G Serial No.				
Motor: 110	Motor: 110 - 115 VAC, 50/60 HZ, 3 RPM				
Phase:	Phase 1 Gas: LPG				
Manifold Pre	Manifold Pressure: 5" Natural or 10-11" Propane				
BTU/H	17,000	Burners: 1			
LISTED	Minimum Installation (	Clearance			
(ŅL)	Sides: 13"	Back: 13"			
69D6	Maximum Lamp Watt	age: 40 Watts			

# **WARNING!**

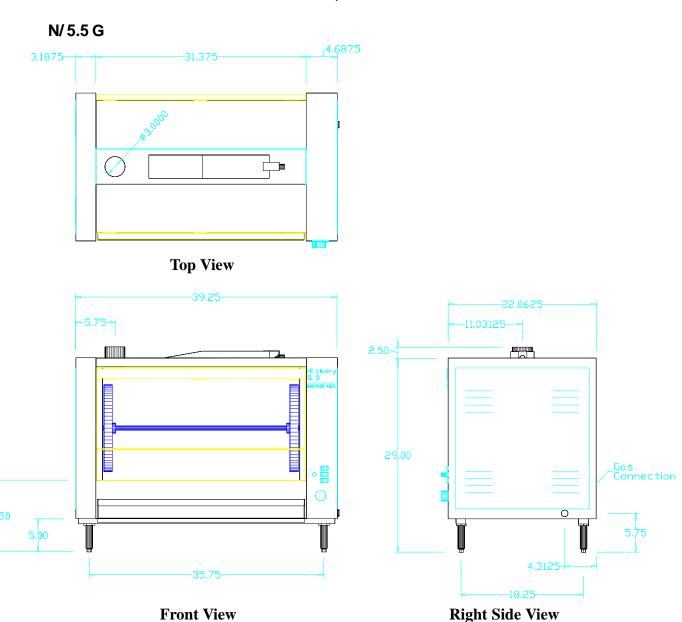
This unit must be installed and connected in accordance to the latest regulations and can only be operated in conjunction with forced ventilation or exhaust hood.

This unit has been designed for professional use only and may only be installed or repaired by licensed service agencies!

Before installing or using this equipment, read these instructions!

# 1.3 Machine Drawings and Dimensions

The following drawing of the Front View, Side View, and Top View indicate where the dimensions are taken and should be used to plan the installation of the units.



N/ 5.5 G	inches	mm	
Height	31.5"	800	
Width	39.25"	997	
Depth	22"	560	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Gas Connection Attachments

# 1.4 Gas Conversion and Adjustment Instructions

Before converting or adjusting the machine to another type of gas, it is imperative that the manual gas cock be turned to the "off" position. The electrical power to the machines should also be turned off. When converting the gas generators for use from one type of gas use to another, the gas orifice (or injector) must be changed according to the table on page 8. In addition, the spring in the pressure regulator supplied with the unit must be changed so that it can operate at other gas pressures. Springs for the regulator can be ordered from Hickory Industries.

#### 1.5 Verification for use with Natural Gas

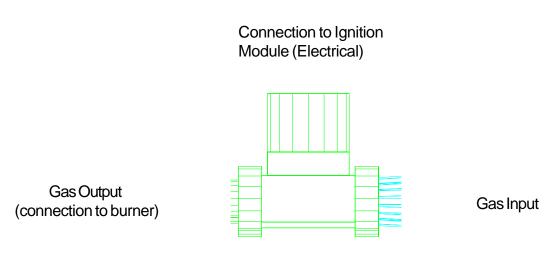
The flame setting for the gas generator can be confirmed by using the volumetric method in conjunction with the main gas meter. The burner has an independent solenoid gas valve. The valve is controlled by an independent Gaslite spark ignition module. The amount of gas flowing through the valve can not be adjusted manually; there is only an "on" or "off" position.

To carry out this verification procedure, it is necessary to obtain the heating value (BTU/ft³) of the local gas from the local gas company.

# A variation in the heating value of the local gas from that on the table (1.6) will result in a variation of the power output of the unit!

If the measured gas volume does not correspond to the values in the following table (1.6), the items which should be checked are:

- A. The incoming (connected) gas pressure while the burners and all other appliances in the location are operational.
- B. If the gas pressure is correct, it must be verified that the proper size gas orifices are in place (see page 8).



Solenoid Valve

#### 1.7 Natural Gas Flow Table

		Gas Flow - in ft <sup>3</sup> /hr
Gas	Heating Value in	20,000 BTU - Natural
	BTU/ft³	17,000 BTU - LPG
		High Flame Setting
Natural	1040	19.23
Propane	2480	6.85
Butane	3215	5.28

# 1.7.1 Volumetric Method to Verify the Flame Setting, Mathematical

**WARNING!** No other gas equipment can be in operation during this procedure.

Calculation of flow rate V in ft<sup>3</sup>/hour

$$V = PP H_{i}$$

V = Flow rate in ft<sup>3</sup>/minute

FP = High Flame Power setting in BTU/hr

H<sub>i</sub>= Heating value in BTU/ft<sup>3</sup>

Thus, for natural gas:

$$V = 20,000$$
 BTU/hr = 19.23 ft<sup>3</sup>/hr = 0.32 ft<sup>3</sup>/min. 1040 BTU/ft<sup>3</sup>

 $V = 0.32 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min.}$ 

This is the natural gas needed in 1 hour by a N/5.5 G (1 burner) at full power.

The time and the flow measurements should be taken at the gas (flow) meter with a chronometer (stop watch).

To run the test, open the manual gas cock valve, start up the unit according to the start-up instructions.

Allow the unit to pre-heat (burn) for 10 to 15 minutes. Verify that the flow rate is calibrated to the appropriate flow rate indicated in the table.

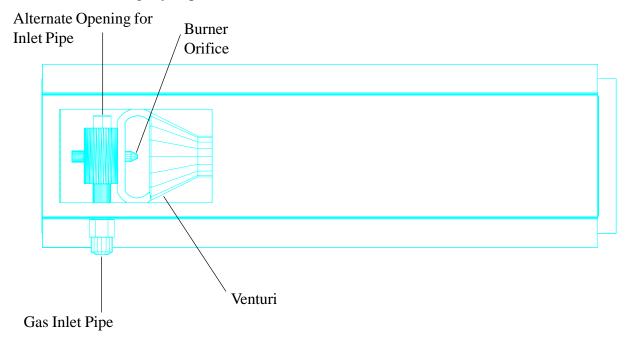
# 1.8 Orifice Diameters, Electrode Gap Settings, and Air Intake Settings Type N/ 5.5 G

Gas/Pressure	Orifice Size	Electronic Ignition	
inches W.C.	Ø in drill size	Electrode Gap	
Natural / 5.5"	#46	1/8" Between rods 1/8" Between rods and Burner surface	
Propane / 11"	#55	1/8" Between rods 1/8" Between rods and Burner surface	
Butane / 11"	#55	1/8" Between rods 1/8" Between rods and Burner surface	

# 1.9 Changing Gas Orifices on the Gas Generators

The N/5.5 Gas unit has one infra-red gas generators. These generators use **ceramic** radiating plates.

The burner orifice can be removed and replaced using a 7/16" wrench. The orifice must be sealed and tightly in place.



**Top View Gas Generator** 

# 1.10 Ignition Cycle

In order to start the cooking cycle, the burners must be ignited. The ignition cycle will start only when the following procedure is followed:

- a. The "HEAT" switch is turned to "on".
- b. A cooking temperature must be set on the thermostat (i.e. 450°F).
- c. The cooking timer must be activated (see Operating Instructions).

Once these steps are completed, the unit will call for heat and the ignition cycle will be activated. The ignition system will cause sparking on the ignition electrode. Once the burner is lit by the spark, the flame of the burner will heat the sensing prong on the ignition electrode sending a signal back to the ignition module. This signal indicates that a spark is no longer needed and that the solenoid gas valve must stay open. When the cooking temperature is reached, as sensed by the thermocouple attached to the thermostat, the electrical power to the ignition modules will be cut off, shutting down the ignition module and the burners. When the temperature drops below the set point, electrical power is sent to the ignition system once again, thus starting the ignition cycle all over. The system will cycle on and off as needed to maintain the set cooking point.

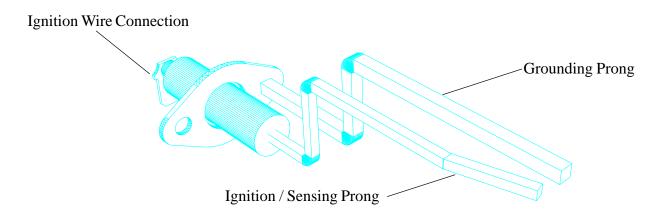
The ignition modules will attempt to ignite the burner three times. If the burners fail to light after three tries, the module will lock-out, shutting down all gas flow and further sparking.

In order to start the ignition cycle after a lock-out, the heat switches and individual burner switches must be turned "off" and "on" again. This may have to be done several times when starting up the unit for the first time due to air in the gas lines.

## 1.10.1 Adjusting the Ignition Electrode

The ignition electrodes are adjusted for an optimum ignition cycle before the unit leaves the factory. If for some reason the electrodes need adjusting (i.e. if one takes a hit with a spit), it can be done as follows.

- 1. To reach the ignition electrode, open the front glass doors and remove all spits.
- 2. The electrode is attached to the main body of the machine with an 8/32" screw and nut. It is important that this screw make solid metal to metal contact between the electrode casing and the body of the rotisserie. This metal to metal contact is what acts as a grounding conductor for the grounding prong on the ignition electrode.
- 3. During the ignition process, a solid blue spark should travel between the tip of the two electrode prongs.
- 4. Make sure that the distances between the prongs and the surface of the burner are about 1/8".



**Ignition Electrode** 

- 5. If the distances between the prongs and/or the burner surface are too great, the unit may spark but not ignite the burner.
- 6. When adjusting the prongs, make sure to support the base of the prong with one pair of pliers and adjust the tip of the prong with another pair. This will prevent breakage of the ceramic casing of the ignition/sensing prong. If the ceramic casing does break, the electrode will have to be replaced.



**Ignition Electrode Position** 

# 1.11 Checking the Connected Gas Pressure (Nominal Pressure)

Close the gas cock where the gas line is connected to the machine and attach a manometer to the tap (allen screw) on the gas cock. With the manometer connected, open the gas cock and ignite the burner. Along with all other gas appliances at the location in operation, measure the gas pressure.

This ideal operating pressure should be 5.5" W.C. for natural gas and 11" W.C. for LPG.

If the pressure is too high and can not be adjusted downward, check to see if the proper adjusting spring is in the regulator. If this is correct, the regulator membrane may have been ruptured by excessive gas pressure and may have to be replaced. Do not operate the rotisserie if the gas pressure exceeds the ideal values.

If the operating pressure is below 5.5 "W.C. for natural gas or below 11 "W.C. for LPG, the unit should not be operated. The pressure should be adjusted to the ideal setting using the pressure regulating screw on the pressure regulator.

If the pressure is too low and can not be adjusted upward, also check the regulator. If this is operating properly, verify the pressure coming out of the main gas meter. Another typical source of this pressure problem is that the gas line (pipe) diameter leading up to the unit is too small. If the gas line is under-sized, the appropriate pressure may not be reached. Do not operate the unit if the pressure falls below the ideal values.

If the measured pressure is still below the ideal range and it is not possible to resolve the problem, the local gas company or gas supplier should be contacted so that they can resolve the problem.

After the pressure has been set, close the gas cock once again, remove the manometer, seal the gas tap, and then re-open the gas cock.

WARNING: After an installation, repairs, or maintenance, make sure that there are no gas leaks anywhere in the gas lines or system.

# 1.12 Maintenance, response to technical problems.

Should a technical problem arise for any reason, shut off the machine and call for technical service.

A routine maintenance should be carried out at least once a year. Contact your local, certified service company for maintenance.

# 1.12.1 Reasons for problems and solutions

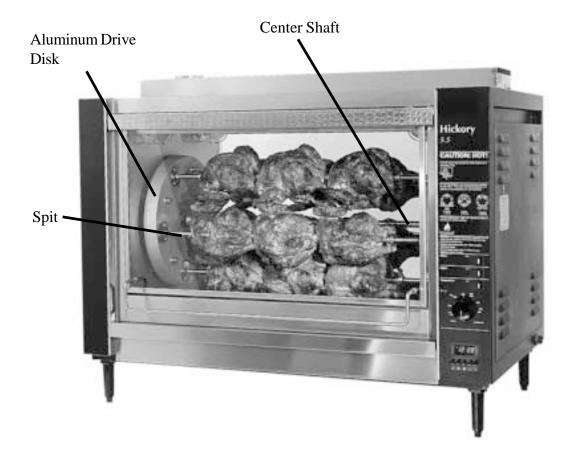
# **Hickory Industries, Inc.**

Problem		Cause	Solution		
Electrode	a.	Rotisserie not "on".	a.	Make sure that the HEAT switch is on.	
does not spark.	<b></b>		۵.	Thermostat must be set (i.e. 550°F) and	
				the cooking timer must be operational	
				(cook cycle).	
	b.	Electrical system not	b.	Make sure that the <b>three</b> pronged	
		grounded properly.	~.	plug supplied with the unit is being	
		g a a a p p - a		used. Make sure that the rotisserie is	
				properly grounded.	
	C.	Electrode tips too far apart.	c.	Adjust electrode tips to 1/8" apart.	
	d.	Electrode tips are dirty.	d.	If the machine is used, fat may have	
	•		۱ ۵.	carbonized on the electrode tips or rust	
				may have appeared. This prevents	
				proper sparking. Sand and clean	
				metal rods.	
	e.	Electrode not grounded.	e.	Make sure that electrode is properly	
		3		fastened and makes solid contact with	
				the rotisserie body.	
	f.	Ingnition wire loose.	f.	Make sure that the ignition wire is	
		<b>3</b>	' '	properly fastened to the ignition	
				module and to the electrode.	
	g.	Ignition wire not properly	g.	Check the ignition wire for breaches	
	٦	insulated.	) <del>9</del> .	which may cause sparking to occur	
				between the cable and the body of	
				rotisserie. Insulate cable at breach.	
	h.	Ignition module faulty.	h.	Check electrical input to module.	
		,		Module may need to be replaced.	
Electrode sparks,	a.	Check all gas flow.	a.	Turn all manual gas valves to "on".	
flame does not light.		_		Make sure the solenoid valve opens.	
	b.	Check polarity on the	b.	Make sure that the hot, neutral, and	
		electrical connections.		ground leads are properly matched up.	
				If neutral and hot are switched, the	
				"flame on" signal will not reach	
				ignition module, locking out gas.	
	c.	Flame is too weak. Not	C.	Check the operating gas pressure. If	
		enough gas flow.		this is correct, check gas line and	
				orifice for dirt or obstructions.	
Burner ignites for 5	a	Electrode tips are too far	a	Adjust the tips of the electrode rods	
to 10 second and		from burner.		so that they are about 1/8" from the	
then goes off, espe-				burner surface.	
cially in the morning	b.	High humidity evironment,	b.	Switch exhaust hood to on before	
when cold.		such as caused by leaving		igniting the unit. Open front door	
		water in drip pan		of the unit to allow air flow.	
		overnight.			
	C.		b.	Re-adjust ignition prongs.	
		to new conditions.			
		O Westside Avenue - North Rei		<b>New Jersey 07047</b> N/5 5 Installation 8/5/97	

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# 1.13 Spit Drive Mechanism

This unit is equipped with a planetary motion spit drive system. This means that each spit is turning upon its axis at the same time that they turn about the center shaft. When the motor switch is turned to on, the disks and the spits will begin to turn. Insure that the mechanism turns smoothly when testing the unit.



Before cooking, it is imperative that the center shaft be covered and protected with aluminum foil. This will prevent fats from carbonizing on the shaft, making the removal of the aluminum disks much easier in the future. If the shaft is not protected, it may eventually be impossible to remove the disks should there be a problem in the spit drive mechanism.

The driven and the stationary drive gears are located behind the aluminum drive disk. These can be viewed by taking out the removable aluminum disks (there are two removable panels). The driven gears and the stationary gear should be viewed once a week to check for fat or carbonization build-up. Any fat or dirt should be cleaned off since a build-up will eventually damage the drive system.

# NOTE: If fat or carbon have built up on the center shaft, it may not be possible to move the alumium disks!

With the disks away from the sides, all components of the drive mechanism should be thoroughly cleaned. This will guarantee that the drive mechanism works smoothly.

Even though the aluminum disks protect the gears, fat will eventually manage to build up on the gears. If this fat is not cleaned, it will eventually carbonize. When the carbon build-up is serious enough, the drive mechanism will jam and it will need to be replaced.

When replacing the disks, a slight dab of FDA (food safe) approved gease should be added to all gears.

Finally, when inserting spits, make sure to stop the motor! This unit is supplied with a motor switch which will stop the drive mechanism, allowing the operator to insert the spits easily. If spits are inserted without stopping the motor, there is a chance that the drive system will be jammed and cause severe damage.

# 1.14 Testing or checking for safety

After a conversion, a new installation, or after a repair, it is important that the unit be tested to insure that it operates properly. This should include the following:

Test the gas system for gas leaks.

Check that the unit has enough clearance behind and to the sides.

Check that enough primary and secondary air is available (bright orange gas generator).

Check for potentially flammable objects or potential flammability problems.

Check for proper ventilation and exhaust.

Check for proper room ventilation.

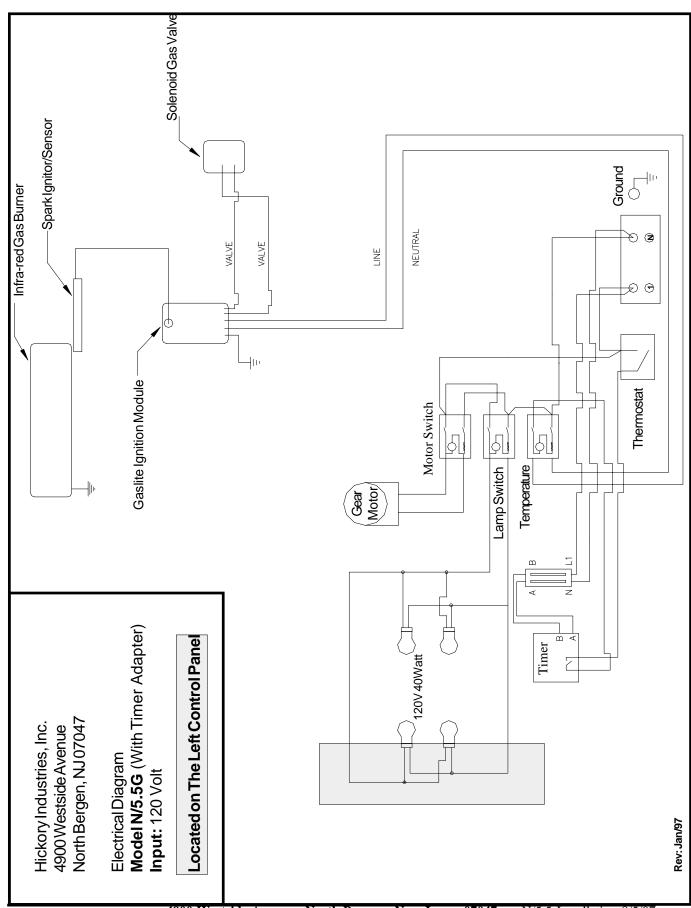
# 1.15 Description of the Electrical Connection

The electrical connections are to be made in accordance to local and national codes.

All gas machines operate with 120 Volt, single phase, 60 Hz. A NEMA 5-15P plug is supplied with the units.

All pertinent electrical information can be taken from the electrical diagram.

NOTE: Proper polarity in the electrical system is needed for proper operation of the gas system!



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# 1.17 Parts List for 5.5 G

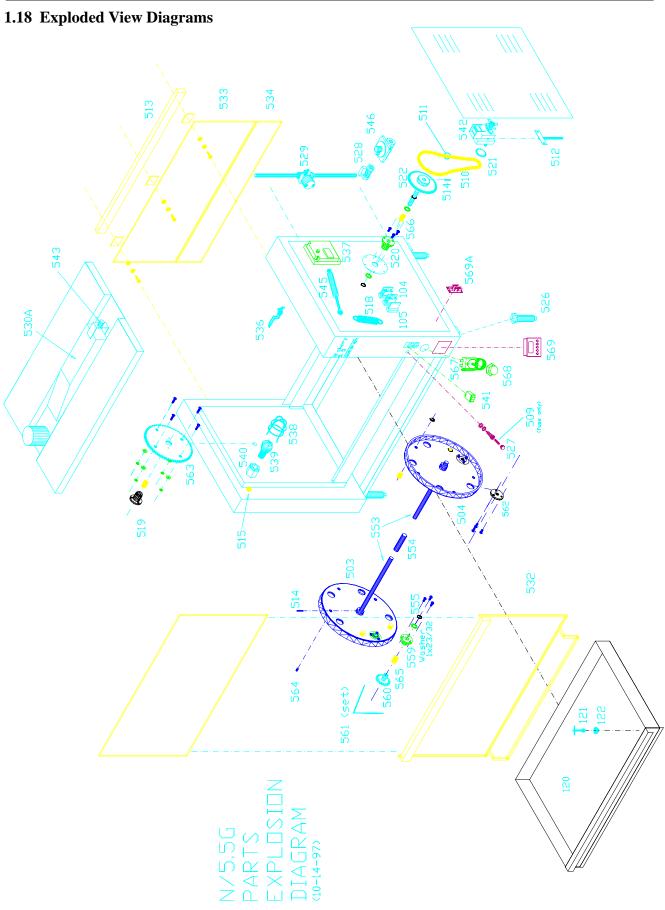
<b>Item</b> 553 554 519	<b>Qty.</b> 1 1	Description Shaft 5/8 (Removable Drums - Center) Shaft Locking Slide Drive Bearing Holder (Left - with brass bearing)	Material Length \$\$ \$\$ \$S Steel (Chromed)	<b>Size</b> 5/8"	Manufacturer Hickory Hickory Hickory
520	1	Drive Bearing Holder (Right - with teflon bearing)	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
	1	Brass Shaft Bearing	Brass		Hickory
566	1	Teflon Shaft Bearing	Teflon		Hickory
501	1	Aluminum Disk Drive (Bare)	Cast Aluminum		Hickory
502	1	Aluminum Disk Slave (Bare)	Cast Aluminum		Hickory
503	1	Alum. Disk Drv. (Complete w/ Spit Driven Gears)			Hickory
504	1	Alum. Disk Slave (Complete w/ Spit Supports)			Hickory
514	1	Disk Retaining Pin	Steel 1-1/2"	5/32"	Hickory
564	5	Teflon Spacers - 1/4" round			Hickory
505		Aluminum Disk Teflon Coating			Hickory
561	5	Spit Driven Gear Assembly	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
555	5	Snap Ring (Gears)	Steel		Hickory
559	5	Spit Driven Gear Bearing Holder	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
560	5	Spit Driven Gear	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
565	5	Teflon Spit Driven Gear Bearing		1/4"	Hickory
563	1	Stationary Gear	Steel		Hickory
562	5	Spit Support	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
510	1	Chain (Roller - 5.5)	Steel		Hickory
511	1	Chain Link (Roller - 5.5)	Steel		Hickory
521	1	Drive Sprocket - Roller Chain	Steel		Hickory
522	1	Driven Sprocket - Roller Chain	Steel		Hickory
512	1	Chain Tensioner	Steel		Hickory
509	1	Buss Fuse 0.5 Amp			Buss
527	1	Fuse Holder 0.5 Amp			
536	1	Ignitor Electronic Ignition			Channel
	1	Ignition Wire			
537	1	Ignitor Module (Gaslite)			Channel
538	4	Lamp Cover	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
541	3	Micro Switch & Toggle			Marquardt
567	1	Thermostat 200-550			
568	1	Thermostat Knob			<b>-</b> .
569	1	Timer (without Adapter)			Eaton
569	1	Adapter (for Timer)			Eaton
542	1	Motor Gear - 120V			Bodine
539	1	Lamp, 120 V	0		Hickory
540	4	Lamp Socket	Ceramic		Leviton
120	1	Drip Pan (5.5)	SS		Hickory
121	1	Drip Pan Plug	Brass		Hickory
122	1	Drip Pan Receptacle	Brass		Hickory

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# 1.17 Parts List for 5.5 G (Contd.)

<b>Item Qty.</b> 546 1	<b>Description</b> Pressure Regulator (Connection) RV53 Spring for Pressure Regulator	<b>Material Length</b> Alum.	<b>Size</b> 1/2"	Manufacturer Maxitrol Maxitrol
528 1	Gas Cock	Steel	1/2"	Jomar
1	Nipple	Steel	1/2"	Hickory
1	Elbow (90°)	Steel	1/2"	Hickory
1	Pipe	Steel 6"	1/2"	Hickory
529 1	Basotrol Solenoid Gas Valve		1/2"	Basotrol
1	Pipe	Steel 13.5"	1/2"	Hickory
1	Elbow (90°) St.	Steel	1/2"	Hickory
530a 1	Gas Burner with Ceramics	Ceramic		Hickory
543 1	Orifice (Blank)	Brass		Hickory
	Cimics (Claimy	2.000		
513 2	Glass Hinge	SS		Hickory
515 2	Door Bearing Brass	Brass		Hickory
516 1	Door Handle (Metal)	Steel		Hickory
518 1	Door Spring (Mechanical)	Steel		Hickory
545 1	Pneumatic Spring			,
532 1	Glass Tempered Large (Door)	Glass	28.94" x 16.5'	Hickory
533 1	Glass Tempered (Rear)	Glass	28.94" x 12"	Hickory
534 1	Glass Tempered (Rear - Small)	Glass	28.94" x 4.5"	Hickory
526 4	Feet Adjustable Plastic	Plastic		Hickory
556 5	Spit Complete	SS		Hickory
185 5/Sp	oit Skewer Double	SS		Hickory
186 5/Sp	oit Skewer Single	SS		Hickory
219 1/Sk	w.Thumb Screw	Steel		Hickory
439a	Angle (V) Spits	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
508	Basket Spits	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
557 1	Spit Turkey Center only	SS		Hickory
225 2	Turkey Skewers Single	SS		Hickory
506 5	Basket Hanging	Steel (Chromed)		Hickory
507 5	Basket Bearing Brass	Brass		Hickory
123 1	Electrical Grounding Cap Electrical Wire		Hickory Janor Wire	
1	Connection Cable		TIP Products	
104 1	Contact Section 242 (terminal)		Buchanan	
105 1	Contact Section 250 (end-piece)		Buchanan	
100 1	Contact Occitor 200 (GHa-piece)		Duci iai iai i	

<sup>\*</sup>All components are inventories and sold through Hickory Industries and their distributors and dealers.



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